

SAFETY DATA SHEET

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Version 1

1. PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

Product Identifier Product Name:

ASCB #1

Product Description:

ALUMINUM & STAINLESS STEEL CLEANER

Other Means of Identification Product # Synonyms

015, 015A None

Details of the Supplier of the Safety Data Sheet

Company Name

CHEMCO INDUSTRIES, INC. 5731 Manchester Avenue St. Louis, MO 63110 www.chemcoindustries.com 314-647-1888 1-800-854-4236 (to Reorder)

Emergency Telephone Number Emergency Telephone

INFOTRAC 1-800-535-5053

2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

Hazard Summary:

Extremely corrosive and destructive to tissue. Specialized medical treatment is required for all exposures. May be fatal if inhaled, absorbed through skin, or swallowed. **Target Organs:** Liver, Kidney

GHS Ratings:

Inhalation Toxicity	Acute Tox. 3	Gases>500+<=2500ppm, Vapors>2+<=10mg/l, Dusts&mists>.05+<=1mg/l
Skin corrosive	1A	Destruction of dermal tissue: Exposure <3 min. Observation <1 hour, visible necrosis in at least one animal
Eye corrosive	1	Serious eye damage: Irreversible damage 21 days after exposure, Draize score: Corneal opacity >=3, Iritis > 1.5
Respiratory sensitizer	1	Respiratory sensitizer
Skin sensitizer	1	Skin sensitizer
Mutagen	2	Suspected/Possible: May include heritable mutation in human germ cells, Positive evidence from tests in mammals and somatic cell tests, In vivo somatic genotoxicity supported by in vitro mutagenicity
Carcinogen	1B	Presumed Human Carcinogen, Based on demonstrated animal carcinogencity
Reproductive toxin	2	Human or animal evidence possibly with other information
GHS Hazards:		
H3	Causes severe s	skin burns and eye damage
H317	May cause an a	Ilergic skin reaction
H318	Causes serious	eye damage
H331	Toxic if inhaled	
H334	May cause aller	gy or asthma difficulties if inhaled
H341	Suspected of ca	using genetic defects
H350	May cause canc	
GHS Precautions:		

P201

Obtain special instructions before use

P202	Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood
P260	Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray
P261	Avoid breathing dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray symptoms or breathing
P264	Wash thoroughly after handling
P271	Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area
P272	Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace
P280	Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection
P281	Use personal protective equipment as required
P285	In case of inadequate ventilation, wear respiratory protection
P310	Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician
P311	Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician
P321	Specific treatment (see on this label)
P363	Wash contaminated clothing before reuse
P301+P330+P331	IF SWALLOWED: Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting.
P302+P352	IF ON SKIN: Wash with soap and water.
P303+P361+P353	IF ON SKIN (or hair): Remove/Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with
	water/shower.
P304+P340	IF INHALED: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing.
P304+P341	IF INHALED: If breathing is difficult, remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing
P305+P351+P338	IF IN EYES: Rinse continuously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses if present and easy
1 303+1 331+1 330	to do. Continue rinsing.
P308+P313	IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention.
P333+P313	If skin irritation or a rash occurs: Get medical advice/attention.
P342+P311	Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician
P405	Store locked up
P403+P233	Store in a well ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.
P501	Dispose of contents/container to
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Acute Toxicity: Signs & Symptoms of Exposure

Eyes: Burns, pain, watering eyes.

Inhalation: Burning, choking, coughing, wheezing, laryngitis, shortness of breath, headache or nausea.

Skin: Burning, irritation

Ingestion: Severe and rapid corrosive burns of the mouth, gullet, and gastrointestinal tract, burning, choking, nausea, vomiting and severe pain.

Chronic Effects: May cause Fluorosis or hypocalcaemia

3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Chemical Name/CAS No.	OSHA Exposure Limits	AC GIH Exposure Limits	Other Exposure Limits
Water/Proprietary Balance	N/A	N/A	N/A
Sulfuric acid < 20%	1mg/m3 TWA	0.2 mg/m3 TWA (thoracic fraction)	NIOSH: 1 mg/m3 TWA
7664-93-9 Vapor Pressure: 0525 mmHg			
Hydrofluoric acid < 10%	3 ppm TWA (as F)	2ppm Ceiling (as F)	NIOSH:3 ppm TWA; 2.5 mg/m3 TWA;
7664-39-3 Vapor Pressure: 789.817 mmHg		0.5 ppm TWA (as F)	6ppm Ceiling (15 min); 5 mg/m3 Ceiling (15 min)

4. FIRST AID MEASURES

Inhalation: Move casualty to fresh air and keep at rest. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. If not breathing, give artificial respiration. Get medical attention immediately.

Eye Contact: In case of eye contact, immediately rinse with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes and seek medical attention immediately. Cold water may be used. Keep the eyelids apart and away from the eyeballs during irrigation. Do not use oily drop or ointment or OF skin burn treatments on the eyes. Get medical attention immediately, preferably an eye specialist. Place ice pack on eyes until reaching emergency room.

Skin Contact: Immediately flush skin with plenty of water while removing contaminated clothing and shoes. Cold water may be used. Material is absorbed through the skin. Get medical attention immediately. While waiting for medical attention, if has been shown that flushing the affected area with water for 1-5 minutes and then massaging HF Antidote Gel into the wound until there is a cessation of pain is a most effective first aid treatment.

HF Antidote Gel contains Calcium Guconate which combines with HF for insoluble Calcium Fluoride, thus preventing the extraction of calcium from the body tissue and bones.

Another alternative first aid treatment, after thorough washing of the burned area, is to immerse the burned area in a solution of 0.2% iced aqueous Hyamine 1622 or 0.13% iced aqueous Zephiran Chloride. If immersion is impractical, towels could be soaked with one of the above solutions and used as compresses for the burn area. Hyamine 1622 is a trade name for Tetracaine Benzethonium Chloride. Zephiran is a trade name for Benzalkonium Chloride.

Ingestion: Do NOT Induce Vomiting! Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If conscious, wash out mouth with water. Get medical attention immediately.

5. FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

Flammable Limits: Product is not flammable. Use appropriate media for adjacent fire. Cool containers with water, keep away from common metals. Flash Point: N/A

Flash Point: I LEL: N/A UEL: N/A

Extinguishing Media: Use an extinguishing agent suitable for the surrounding fire.

Fire and Explosion Hazard: Use water spray to cool unopened containers if necessary to prevent BLEVE (Boiling Liquid Expanding Vapor Explosion). Emit toxic fumes (hydrogen fluoride) under fire conditions. (See also Stability and Reactivity section).

Hazardous Combustion Products: Under fire conditions toxic fumes should be anticipated.

Fire Fighting: See also Stability and Reactivity section.

Fire Equipment: Wear self-contained, approved breathing apparatus and full protective clothing (including eye protection and boots).

6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Spill/Leak: Follow your company's established procedures for reporting and/or responding to Chemical incidents. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training.

See section 8 for recommendations on the use of personal protective equipment.

Small Spill: Stop leak if without risk. Neutralize spill with sodium bicarbonate or lime. Absorb spill with noncombustible absorbent material, then place in a suitable container for disposal. Clean surfaces thoroughly with water to remove residual contamination. Dispose of all waste and cleanup materials in accordance with regulations.

Large Spill: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Stop leak if without risk. Prevent spillage from entering drains and /or waterways. Any release to the environment may be subject to federal/national or local reporting requirements.

7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Handling Precautions: Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Wash thoroughly after handling. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. Use with adequate ventilation. Avoid formation of aerosols.

See section 8 for recommendations on the use of personal protective equipment.

Storage: Keep container closed when not in use. Store in cool, dry well ventilated area. Keep away from incompatible materials (see section 10 for incompatibilities). Protect from excessive heat and/or freezing.

Regulatory: Do not store in unlabeled containers.

8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

Chemical Name/CAS No.	OSHA Exposure Limits	AC GIH Exposure Limits	Other Exposure Limits
Water/Proprietary Balance	N/A	N/A	N/A
Sulfuric acid < 20% 7664-93-9	1mg/m3 TWA	0.2 mg/m3 TWA (thoracic fraction)	NIOSH: 1 mg/m3 TWA
Vapor Pressure: 0525 mmHg			
Hydrofluoric acid	3 ppm TWA (as F)	2ppm Ceiling (as F)	NIOSH:3 ppm TWA;
< 10%			2.5 mg/m3 TWA;
7664-39-3		0.5 ppm TWA (as F)	6ppm Ceiling (15 min);
Vapor Pressure: 789.817 mmHg			5 mg/m3 Ceiling (15 min)

Engineering Controls: Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits.

If engineering controls do not maintain airborne concentrations below recommended exposure limits (where applicable) or to an acceptable level (in countries where exposure limits have not been established), an approved respirator must be worn.

Ventilation: Use only with adequate ventilation.

Good general ventilation (typically 10 air changes per hour) should be used. Ventilation rates should be matched to conditions. If applicable, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation, or other engineering controls to maintain airborne levels below recommended exposure limits. If exposure limits have not been established, maintain airborne levels to an acceptable level.

Administrative Controls: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Other **Recommendations:** Provide eyewash stations, quick-drench showers and washing facilities accessible to areas of use and handling. Have supplies and equipment for neutralization and running water available. HF antidote gel for skin burns or other solutions discussed in Section 4, First Aid.

Protective Gear:

Eye Protection: Wear safety goggles if eye contact is possible (face shield recommended if splashing is possible.

<u>Hand Protection</u>: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.

Body Protection: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

<u>Other Skin Protection</u>: Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved an should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

<u>Respiratory Protection</u>: If needed, use a properly fitted, air-purifying or supplied air respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator.

Contaminated Gear: Routinely wash work clothing and protective equipment to remove contaminants.

9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Note: These physical data are typical values based on material tested but may vary from sample to sample. Typical values should not be construed as guaranteed analysis of any specific lot or a s specifications for the product.

Appearance:
Odor:
Auto ignition temperature:
Decomposition temperature:
Viscosity:
Grams VOC less water:
Vapor Pressure:

Yellow Liquid Acidic No Data Available VOC Content: Negligible No Data Available Vapor density: pH: 1.00 Specific Gravity: No Data Available Melting Point: No Data Available Freezing Point: No Data Available Solubility: No Data Available **Boiling Range:** No Data Available Flash Point: No Data Available **Evaporation Rate:** No Data Available Flammability: No Data Available **Explosion Limits:** No Data Available Partition coefficient (n-octanol/water): No Data Available Odor Threshold: No Data Available

10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Under normal conditions of storage and handling, the Product is: STABLE

Incompatible Materials: Moisture, bases, organic material, metals, glass, ceramics, aluminum, stainless steel, carbonates, cyanides, sulfides. Reacts violently with acetic anhydride, ammonium hydroxide, arsenic trioxide, calcium oxide, potassium permanganate, sodium, sodium hydroxide, sulfuric acid.

Attacks glass and other silicon-containing compounds.

Reacts with silica to produce tetrafluoride a hazardous, colorless glass.

On contact with metals, liberates hydrogen gas.

Violent reaction with strong bases can occur.

Hazardous Decomposition:

Thermal decomposition may release toxic fumes or fluorides. Hazardous polymerization will not occur.

11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Component/Mixture Toxicity Inhalation Toxicity LC50: 3mg/L

This material has been defined as a hazardous chemical under the criteria of the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200).

Routes of Entry: Eyes/Skin

Target Organs: Liver, Kidney

Effects of Overexposure:

<u>Carcinogenicity</u>: The following chemicals comprise 0.1% or more of this mixture and are listed an/or classified as carcinogens or potential carcinogens by NPT, IARC, OSHA (mandatory listing), or ACGIH (optional listing).

	CAS Number	Description	% Weight	Carcinogen Rating
ſ	7664-93-9	Sulfuric acid	< 20%	IARC: *Human carcinogen
				OSHA: *Not listed

*Sulfuric acid is not listed as a carcinogen by OSHA, National Toxicology Program(NTP), International Agency for Research on Cancer(IARC), ACGIH or the EU. IARC has concluded that there is sufficient evidence that occupational exposure to "strong inorganic acid mists" containing sulfuric acid is carcinogenic to humans, resulting in an increased incidence of primarily laryngeal cancers. The ACGIH lists "strong inorganic acid mists" containing sulfuric acid mists" containing sulfuric acid mists" containing sulfuric acid mists" containing sulfuric acid as a suspect human carcinogen (A2) and the NTP have recently reclassified "strong inorganic acid mists" containing sulfuric acid to a know human carcinogen.

12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

The information given is based on data available for the material, the components of the material, and similar materials (if any).

Component Ecotoxicity

Sulfuric acid96 Hr LC50 Brachydanio rerio: >500 mg/L (static)Hydrofluoric acid48 Hr EC50 Daphnia species: 270 mg/L

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

If this product becomes a waste, it may likely meet the criteria of a hazardous waste as defined under 40 CFR 261. D002: Waste Corrosive material [pH <=2 or =>12.5, or corrosive to steel]

Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe manner.

Dispose of in accordance with Federal, State, and Local regulations.

14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

Important Note: The data provided in this section is for information only. Please apply the appropriate regulations to properly classify your shipment for transportation. As shipping descriptions may vary based on mode3 of transport, quantities, package size, and/or origin/destination. Consult your company's Hazardous Materials/Dangerous Goods expert for information specific to your situation.

For small quantities packed in combination packaging, exceptions may apply.

For emergency transportation information, in the United States: call CHEMTREC at 800-424-9300

Agency	Proper Shipping Name	UN Number	Packing Group	Hazard Class
DOT (US)	Corrosive Liquids, Toxic, N.O.S.	UN2922	II	8 (6.1)
	(Hydrofluoric Acid, Sulfuric Acid)			

15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture:

The following chemicals are reportable under Pennsylvania Right to Know:

7664-39-3	Hydrofluoric acid
7664 02 0	Sulfurio opid

7664-93-9 Sulfuric acid

State of California Safe Drinking Water and Toxic Enforcement Act of 1986 (Proposition 65): WARNING! This product contains the following chemicals which are listed by the State of California as carcinogenic or a reproductive toxin:

Strong Inorganic Acid "Mist" Containing Sulfuric Acid: Chemical listed effective March 14, 2003 to the State of California, Proposal 65.

Note: Although conditions may be encountered in the Production Processes that could warrant further evaluation, the Product itself is in the liquid form.

United States inventory (TSCA 8b): All components are listed or exempted.

SARA 313 Components: The following listed components (if any) are subject to the Supplier Notification Requirement found in 40 CFR.45 (c4); a part of Title III of the Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986. SARA 313 notifications must not be detached from the SDS and any copying and redistribution of the SDS shall include copying and redistribution of the notice attached to copies of the SDS subsequently redistributed.

a to copies of i	the SDS subsequently rec	listributeu.
7664-39-3	Hydrofluoric acid	<10%
7664-93-9	Sulfuric acid	<20%

16. OTHER INFORMATION		
NFPA health hazard:	4 - Very short exposure could cause death or serious residual injury even though prompt medical attention was given	
NFPA fire hazard: NFPA reactivity:	0 - Materials that will not burn.0 - Normally stable, even under fire exposure conditions, and are not reactive with water.	

Disclaimer

To the best of our knowledge, information contained herein is accurate. However there is no assumption of liability for the accuracy or completeness of the information contained herein. Final determination of suitability of any material is the sole responsibility of the user. All materials may present unknown hazards and should be used with caution. Although certain hazards are described herein, we cannot guarantee that these are the only hazard which exists. The information contained in this SDS was obtained from current and reliable sources; however, the data is provided without any warranty, expressed or implied, regarding its correctness or accuracy. Since the conditions or handling, storage and disposal of this product are beyond the control of the manufacturer, the manufacturer will not be responsible for loss, injury, or expense arising out of the products improper use. No warranty, expressed or inferred, regarding the product described in this SDS shall be created or inferred by any statement in this SDS. Various government agencies may have specific regulations regarding the transportation, handling, storage, use, or disposal of this product which may not be covered by this SDS. The user is responsible for full compliance.